



ATSC

ADVANCED TELEVISION
SYSTEMS COMMITTEE

ATSC Standard: A/336:2019, Content Recovery in Redistribution Scenarios, Corrigendum No. 1

Doc. A/336:2019 Corr. No 1
7 November 2021

Advanced Television Systems Committee
1776 K Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
202-872-9160

The Advanced Television Systems Committee, Inc., is an international, non-profit organization developing voluntary standards and recommended practices for digital television. ATSC member organizations represent the broadcast, broadcast equipment, motion picture, consumer electronics, computer, cable, satellite, and semiconductor industries. ATSC also develops digital television implementation strategies and supports educational activities on ATSC standards. ATSC was formed in 1983 by the member organizations of the Joint Committee on Inter-society Coordination (JCIC): the Electronic Industries Association (EIA), the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE), the National Association of Broadcasters (NAB), the National Cable Telecommunications Association (NCTA), and the Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers (SMPTE). For more information visit www.atsc.org.

Note: The user's attention is called to the possibility that compliance with this standard may require use of an invention covered by patent rights. By publication of this standard, no position is taken with respect to the validity of this claim or of any patent rights in connection therewith. One or more patent holders have, however, filed a statement regarding the terms on which such patent holder(s) may be willing to grant a license under these rights to individuals or entities desiring to obtain such a license. Details may be obtained from the ATSC Secretary and the patent holder.

Implementers with feedback, comments, or potential bug reports relating to this document may contact ATSC at <https://www.atsc.org/feedback/>.

Revision History

Version	Date
A/336:2019 Corrigendum No. 1 approved	7 November 2021

ATSC Standard

A/336:2019, Content Recovery in Redistribution Scenarios, Corrigendum No. 1

1. OVERVIEW

1.1 Definition

A Corrigendum is generated to correct an error or ambiguity in an ATSC document introduced either in drafting or publication of the document that could lead to incorrect or unsafe application of the document. Correction of a technical defect shall in no way cause a change in functionality. Corrigenda shall be published as attachments to the original ATSC document. Distribution by ATSC of existing documents shall include any approved Corrigenda.

1.2 Scope

This document describes a correction to Annex C, which inadvertently describes use of timing information from a data structure which doesn't include timing information.

1.3 Rationale for Changes

The changes described in this document are being proposed because Annex C, 3rd bullet, indicates that a device "... us[es] the timing information from the Content ID Message payload," but the Content ID Message doesn't include the timing information relevant to this purpose. This is, at best, unhelpful and at worst, misleading.

2. LIST OF CHANGES

Change instructions are given below in *italics*. Unless otherwise noted, inserted text, tables, and drawings are shown in **blue**; deletions of existing text are shown in **red-strikeout**. The text "[ref]" indicates that a cross reference to a cited referenced document should be inserted.

2.1 Change Instructions

In Annex C, revise the first sentence introducing the bullets as shown:

The following is a summary of the signaling acquisition process using video watermarks, **excluding the case where VPI Payloads are used in the video watermarks, which is covered in Annex D:**

In Annex C, correct the 3rd bulleted item as shown:

- The device uses the signaling files to access and present the supplementary content using **the timing information from the a Presentation Time Message payload** ~~Content ID Message payload~~ to synchronize the content with the audio and video coming from the cable.

In Annex D, correct the 8th bulleted item as shown:

- The Recovery File, Dynamic Event, and signaling files are delivered as a multi-part MIME message encapsulated in an MBMS "metadata envelope" (defined in ~~Section 6.6~~ **Section 6.7** of A/331 [1]) that includes a "valid from" and a "valid until" and a "next URL" attribute associated with each signaling file. The "valid from" and "valid until" attributes define the

interval of validity of the signaling file, and the “next URL” attribute is the URL of the next scheduled version of that signaling file. Thus, the device can get scheduled updates to the signaling files as needed.

– End of Document –